

WELCOME!



On behalf of Splash! Publications, we would like to welcome you to *Delaware*, one of 50 State History lessons. This lesson was designed by teachers with you and your students in mind.

THE FORMAT

We've created a color and black line version of this lesson. Use the color version for your White Board and the black line masters to make copies for your students. Our goal is a lesson that you can use immediately. No comprehension questions to write, activities to create, or vocabulary words to define. Simply make copies of the lesson for your students and start teaching.

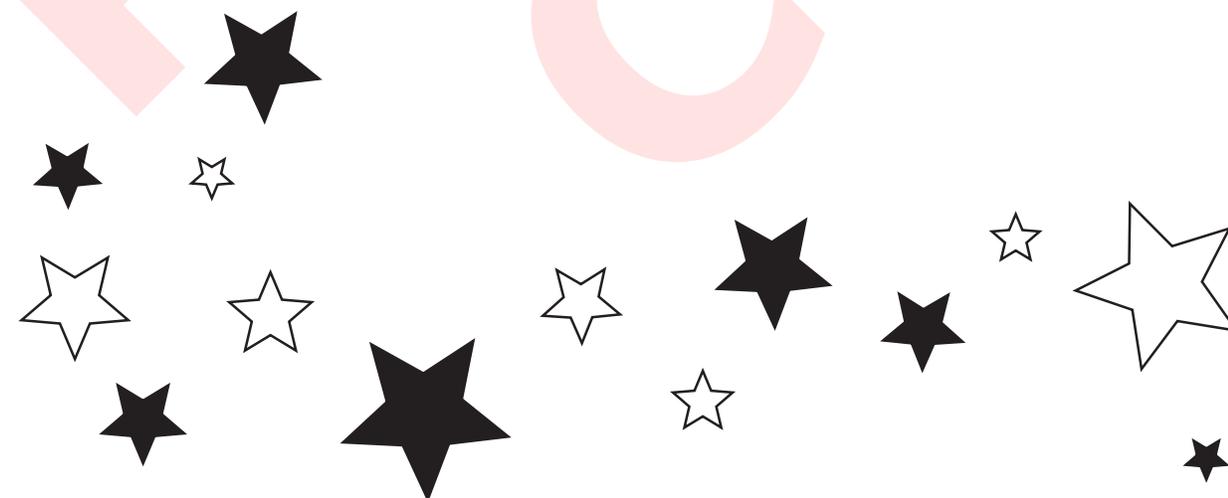
THE VOCABULARY

Our lessons feature words in bold type. We have included a Glossary to help students pronounce and define the words. Unlike a dictionary, the definitions in the Glossary are concise and written in context. Remember, we're teachers! Students will be exposed to these vocabulary words in the comprehension activities. They will also be tested on a random sampling of the vocabulary words at the end of the lesson.

NOTE: The answers to all activities and quizzes are at the end of the lesson.

INTERACTIVE HISTORY NOTEBOOK

In addition to other higher-level Common Core aligned activities, we have included step-by-step directions for three Interactive Notebook activities that students will create and glue into a history notebook. When finished, the history notebook will provide students with a long lasting Delaware history reference. A composition book works well for keeping the Interactive Notebook activities.





CORE STANDARDS: THE “BIG IDEAS”

Core Standards help teachers prioritize instruction and connect the “big ideas” students need to know in order to advance. As a reading-based lesson, *Delaware* fosters literacy in Social Studies.

At the same time that students are learning important factual content about *Delaware*, they are meeting the Common Core Standards for English Language Arts and making connections to the “big ideas” in American History. Below is the legend used to abbreviate the Common Core Strands:

COMMON CORE STRAND CODE:

CC = COMMON CORE

RL = READING-LITERATURE

RI = READING INFORMATIONAL TEXT

RF = READING FOUNDATIONS SKILLS

W = WRITING

SL = SPEAKING LISTENING

L = LANGUAGE

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Illustrations and cover design by Victoria J. Smith

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★ LESSONS *at a* GLANCE ★

THE LESSON PLAN

Before reading Delaware, students will:

- follow directions to create a Vocabulary Organizer to glue into their Delaware history notebooks for ***abolished, adopted, American Revolution, canals, capital, citizens, Civil War, climate, coast, colonies, Confederacy, Constitution, Continental Congress, delegates, economy, elected, employment, federal, former, governor, Great Britain, historians, independence, inhabit, invented, island, kidnapped, liberty, longitude, loyalty, majority, manufacturing, motto, pledged, population, province, Quaker, raids, ratify, seaport, seized, steamboats, treaty, Union, wigwams.***

After reading Delaware, students will:

- answer *Delaware* Reading Comprehension Questions.
- complete *Delaware* Language Skills Exercise.
- create a color-coded Time Zone Map and use it to answer questions.
- answer questions about *Delaware* and then follow directions to create a Four-Fold Organizer to glue into their *Delaware* history notebooks.
- follow directions to create two Interactive Time Lines to glue into their *Delaware* history notebooks to illustrate eight important events in *Delaware's* history.
- take a Vocabulary Quiz for *Delaware*.

THE DELAWARE LESSON IS ALIGNED WITH THESE 5TH GRADE CORE STANDARDS:

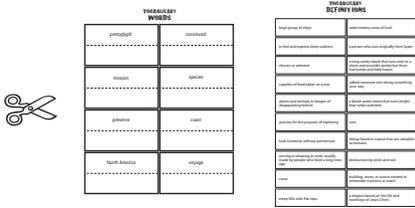
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ONE-POCKET VOCABULARY ORGANIZER

There are many new vocabulary words to learn before beginning your study of Delaware. Your Delaware history notebook is a great place to record and store the words and definitions that you will need to be familiar with during this lesson.

Part I

Directions: Using the Glossary provided by your teacher and the Vocabulary Word and Definition patterns, follow the directions below to create 45 Vocabulary Cards.

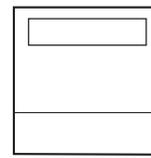


1. Cut out each Vocabulary Word pattern and Vocabulary Definition pattern along all bold lines.

2. Using the Glossary as your guide, glue the correct Vocabulary Definition in the blank space under its matching Vocabulary Word.

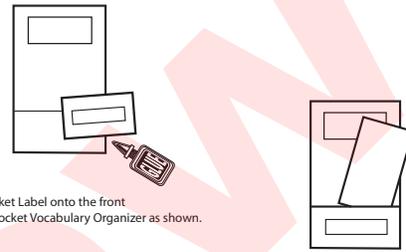


3. Fold each completed Vocabulary Card along the dotted lines so that the Vocabulary Words and Definitions are on the outside. Glue the blank sides together.



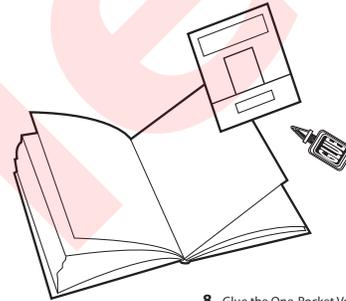
4. After you have glued the tabs to the back, turn your One-Pocket Vocabulary Organizer back around.

5. Cut out the Pocket Label.



6. Glue the Pocket Label onto the front of the One-Pocket Vocabulary Organizer as shown.

7. Place your finished Vocabulary Cards in the front pocket.



8. Glue the One-Pocket Vocabulary Organizer onto the next blank page of your notebook.



VOCABULARY WORDS

economy	Confederacy
invented	citizens
pledged	federal
former	Continental Congress

VOCABULARY DEFINITIONS

the act of being faithful	people who study history
making money by having a job	stopped or put an end to
boats that are powered by steam engines	coming together under one government, the way the United States did in 1776
the largest island in Europe; it includes England, Scotland, and Wales	the 11 states that separated from the United States in 1860 and 1861
lines drawn on a map from north to south to show how far east or west a place is from the prime meridian	a part of a country having a government of its own
people sent with power to represent others	the number of people living in a place
sudden attacks	making something from raw materials by hand or machinery
people living in a city, town, state, or country who enjoy the freedom to vote and participate in government decisions	took someone without permission
a formal agreement	the way a city, state, or country makes money





DELAWARE

Delaware, the First State in the Union, is one of five Middle Atlantic states in the Northeast region of the United States. The nickname fits so well because Delaware was the first of the 13 original colonies to ratify the federal Constitution and become a state in 1787.

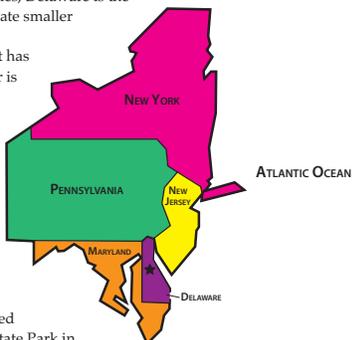
With a land area of only 2,057 square miles, Delaware is the second smallest state in the Union. The only state smaller than Delaware is Rhode Island.

Dover is not the state's largest city, but it has been the capital of Delaware since 1777. Dover is a manufacturing center in Delaware. The city produces building materials, paints, rubber and paper products, and perfume.

The state bird of Delaware is the Blue Hen Chicken. The state flower is the Peach Blossom, and the state tree is the American Holly. Delaware's motto is "Liberty and Independence."

DELAWARE'S POINTS OF INTEREST

Delaware has a very mild climate. Swimming, fishing, and water sports are enjoyed throughout most of the year. Fenwick Island State Park in the southeastern region of Delaware features a lighthouse that is 87 feet high. The park offers boating, surfing, fishing, and other water sport activities.



FAST FACTS

- ★ Many of the historic homes in Delaware surround the spot where slave markets were once held.
- ★ Delaware is the only state in the Union without any national parks, national monuments, or national historic sites.

DELAWARE

Directions: Read each sentence carefully. Then darken the circle for the correct answer to each question.

Here is the rough draft of a letter written by an African American in Delaware to his family in Africa. There are certain words and phrases underlined. Read the rough draft carefully. Then answer questions 1-4.

August 10, 1866

Dear Uncle Lamar,

(1) I'm writing to tell you that the war is finally over. (2) My black friends in the South are finally getting a taste of freedom. (3) I voted for the first time last month. (4) It is a good thing that I know how to read and write. (5) Some of my friends didn't get to vote because the white leaders made us take a test. (6) I don't think that is very fair. (7) Many of the white people here in delaware don't think it is fair either. (8) A white man named Thomas Kimber is promising to fight for are rights. (9) He is helping us find jobs during this difficult time. (10) I will write again soon.

Your nephew,
James

1 In sentence 5, didn't get to vote is best written –

- A did'nt get to vote
- B didn't get to vote
- C didnt' get to vote
- D As it is written.

2 In sentence 7, here in delaware is best written –

- F Here in delaware
- G Here in Delaware
- H here in Delaware
- J As it is written.

3 In sentence 8, to fight for are rights is best written –

- A to fight for our rights
- B to fight for are rights'
- C to fight for are Rights
- D As it is written.

4 In the closing, Your nephew. is best written –

- F your nephew.
- G Your nephew!
- H Your nephew,
- J As it is written.

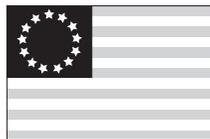
Answers

- 1 A B C D 3 A B C D
2 F G H J 4 F G H J

LANGUAGE

THE REVOLUTIONARY WAR

Delaware was active during the American Revolution. Many men from Delaware volunteered to battle for independence from Great Britain. In 1765, Delaware followed the other colonies and refused to obey the Stamp Act. The Stamp Act taxed all important documents in order to pay for the British soldiers who were sent to keep peace in America.



In 1775, the first shots of the Revolutionary War were fired in Massachusetts. In 1777, the Battle of Cooch Bridge was fought in Delaware. This was the only Revolutionary War battle fought on Delaware's soil.

Historians believe that Betsy Ross's famous American flag was first flown during the Battle of Cooch Bridge.

CAESAR RODNEY

Caesar Rodney was an important man in Delaware's history. In 1755, his public career in Delaware began when he became the high sheriff. During the next 29 years of his life, Rodney held many other important public offices in Delaware. In 1756, Caesar Rodney fought in the French and Indian War. During the summer of 1776, he became the Hero of Delaware.

In 1776, the Second Continental Congress met in Philadelphia, Pennsylvania. Delegates from each of the 13 original colonies gathered to discuss the Declaration of Independence. When it came time to vote on the important document, the delegates representing Delaware were tied. Caesar Rodney was called upon to break the tie.

Rodney rode 80 miles on horseback from the Delaware town of Dover, to Philadelphia, Pennsylvania. His 48 hour ride took him through scorching heat and violent thunderstorms, over muddy roads and slippery streets.



CAESAR RODNEY

RODNEY'S VOTE FOR INDEPENDENCE

On the afternoon of July 2, 1776, Caesar Rodney arrived at Philadelphia's Independence Hall. He was tired and covered with mud. Fortunately, he was just in time to cast his vote for independence and break the tie.

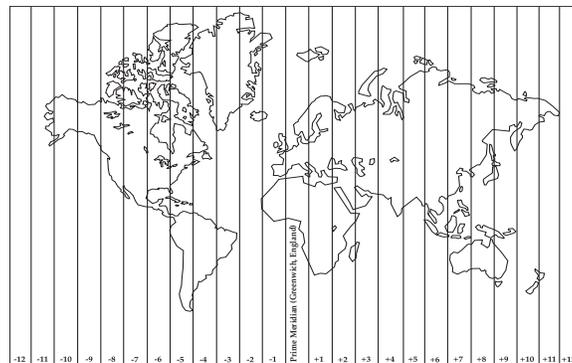
When he returned to Delaware, Caesar Rodney served under General George Washington during the second half of the Revolutionary War. In 1778, he was elected as Delaware's 4th governor. On December 7, 1787, Delaware became the first state in the Union. Unfortunately, Caesar Rodney died before he could see this great event in his state's history.



Did you know that while you are sitting at your desk, there are children in other parts of the world who are sleeping in their beds? While it might be the middle of the morning in your classroom, it is the middle of the afternoon in another classroom. How can this be? The answer comes from time zones.

For thousands of years, people could tell what time it was by looking at the sun. If the sun was directly overhead, it was noon. The problem with this method of telling time was that the sun was not directly overhead in all parts of the world at the same time. Since the Earth turns from west to east, the sun couldn't possibly be in the same place at the same time. Noon in Delaware meant that the sun had already passed over places east of Delaware. Exactly what time was it in those places?

To solve this problem, the world was divided into 24 time zones, one for each hour of the day. Beginning with the prime meridian, at Greenwich, England, time zones were placed along the lines of longitude every 15 degrees. The prime meridian is the invisible line that runs from north to south through the center of the Earth. Time zones east of the prime meridian increase by one hour. Time zones west of the prime meridian decrease by one hour.



If, for example, it is noon in Greenwich, England, then it would be one hour later, or 1:00 P.M., one time zone east of Greenwich. It would be one hour earlier, or 11:00 A.M., one time zone west of Greenwich.

VOCABULARY QUIZ

DELAWARE

Directions: Match the vocabulary word on the left with its definition on the right. Put the letter for the definition on the blank next to the vocabulary word it matches. Use each word and definition only once.

1. _____ province
2. _____ abolished
3. _____ raids
4. _____ adopted
5. _____ Quaker
6. _____ canals
7. _____ pledged
8. _____ pioneers
9. _____ capital
10. _____ citizens
11. _____ motto
12. _____ manufacturing
13. _____ climate
14. _____ coast
15. _____ majority
16. _____ colonies
17. _____ longitude



- A. the average weather conditions of a place over a period of years.
- B. the group of leaders from the 13 original colonies who had the power to make laws and decisions for the newly formed United States.
- C. people who study history.
- D. accepted and put into action.
- E. groups of people who are ruled by another country.
- F. live or settle in a place.
- G. someone who belonged to a religious group that believed all men were created equal, refused to serve in the army or navy, and would not pay taxes used to support war.
- H. a short phrase describing conduct or principles.
- I. making money by having a job.
- J. people sent with power to represent others.
- K. a part of a country having a government of its own.
- L. the plan that outlines the duties of the United States government and guarantees the rights of the people.
- M. coming from the past.
- N. an area of land that borders water.
- O. the 11 states that separated from the United States in 1860 and 1861.
- P. a person who is in charge of an area or group.

GLOSSARY

- a•bide** agree to follow the rules.
- a•bol•ished** stopped or put an end to.
- ad•mired** well liked.
- a•dop•ted** accepted and put into action.
- al•le•giance** loyalty to one's government.
- al•lies** groups of people who come together to help one another in times of trouble.
- am•bushed** attacked without warning.
- A•mer•i•can Rev•o•lu•tion** conflict between 13 English colonies in North America and their mother country, Great Britain. Also known as the Revolutionary War.
- an•nu•al** an event that takes place once each year.
- an•them** a song of praise or loyalty.
- an•ti•slav•ery** against slavery.
- ap•point•ed** chosen or selected.
- A•sia** the world's largest continent with more than half of the Earth's population.
- as•sem•bly** a gathering of people.
- bay** a body of water surrounded by land that opens to the sea.
- block•ade** shutting off a place to keep people and supplies from coming in or going out.
- board•walk** a walkway made of planks that is usually built along a beach.
- ca•nals** man-made waterways for boats or for watering crops.
- cap•i•tal** the city that serves as the center of government for the state.
- cap•i•tol** the building where the government meets to make important decisions for the state or the nation.
- car•riage** a vehicle with wheels pulled by one or more horses.
- ca•si•nos** buildings used for gambling.
- Cath•o•lics** members of a Christian church who trace their history back to the apostles.
- char•ter** a contract which gives one group power over another.
- cha•sm** a deep hole.

ANSWERS

FOUR-FOLD ORGANIZER

1. Delaware's state bird is the Blue Hen Chicken, the state flower is the Peach Blossom, and the state tree of Delaware is the American Holly.
2. Delaware's nickname is the First State in the Union. This nickname was chosen for Delaware because it was the first of the 13 original colonies to become a state.
3. The capital of Delaware is Dover and the state's motto is "Liberty and Independence."
4. Two interesting facts about Delaware will vary.

FOUR-FOLD ORGANIZER GRADING CHART

CRITERIA	3	2	1	0	SCORE
FOUR-FOLD ORGANIZER QUESTIONS	Correctly answered all four of the Four-Fold Organizer questions.	Correctly answered 2-3 of the Four-Fold Organizer questions.	Correctly answered 1 of the Four-Fold Organizer questions.	Didn't attempt to answer any of the Four-Fold Organizer questions.	
FOUR-FOLD ORGANIZER ASSEMBLY	Followed directions correctly to cut and assemble Four-Fold Organizer in notebook.	Followed directions correctly to cut OR assemble Four-Fold Organizer in notebook.	Cut and assembled Four-Fold Organizer in notebook, but clearly did not follow the directions.	Didn't attempt to cut or assemble Four-Fold Organizer in notebook.	
CONVENTIONS <i>capitalization, spelling, punctuation, grammar</i>	Had less than 5 convention errors in finished Organizer.	Had 5 - 7 convention errors in finished Organizer.	Had 8 - 11 convention errors in finished Organizer.	Had more than 11 errors in finished Organizer.	
	TOTAL				

ANSWERS

INTERACTIVE TIME LINE

